

# UNITED STATES PATENT AND TRADEMARK OFFICE

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Defent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
09/764,810	01/16/2001	Abraham Mendelson	42390P10140	7766
8791	7590 10/17/2005		EXAMINER	
BLAKELY SOKOLOFF TAYLOR & ZAFMAN 12400 WILSHIRE BOULEVARD SEVENTH FLOOR LOS ANGELES, CA 90025-1030			KIM, HONG CHONG	
			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
			2185	

DATE MAILED: 10/17/2005

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

PTO-90C (Rev. 10/03)

	Application N	o. A	applicant(s)				
	09/764,810	N	MENDELSON ET AL.				
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Α	Art Unit				
	Hong C. Kim		185				
The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) OR THIRTY (30) DAYS, WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION.  - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication.  - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).  Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).							
Status							
1)⊠ Responsive to communication(s) filed	on 9/7/05						
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<u> </u>	Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is						
,—	closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.						
	andor Expanto quayro	, 1000 0.2. 11, 100	0.0.210.				
Disposition of Claims							
	Claim(s) <u>1-30</u> is/are pending in the application.  4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn from consideration.  Claim(s) is/are allowed.						
6)⊠ Claim(s) <u>1-6,10-16,20-25 and 30</u> is/ar	6) Claim(s) 1-6,10-16,20-25 and 30 is/are rejected.						
7) Claim(s) <u>7-9,17-19 and 27-29</u> is/are o	bjected to.						
8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction	8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or election requirement.						
Application Papers							
9)☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.							
10)☐ The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a)☐ accepted or b)☐ objected to by the Examiner.							
Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).							
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).							
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.							
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119							
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) All b) Some * c) None of:							
1. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received.							
2. Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No							
	3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage						
application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).							
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received.							
Attachment(s)							
1) D Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	ا ا	Interview Summary (PT	CO-413\				
<ol> <li>Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTC</li> </ol>	)-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date.					
<ol> <li>Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PT Paper No(s)/Mail Date</li> </ol>	O/SB/08) 5)	Notice of Informal Pater Other:	nt Application (PTO-152)				
S. Patent and Trademark Office TOL -326 (Rev. 7-05)	Office Action Summany	D-4-4	f Papar No (Mail Data 20051016				

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#### **Detailed Action**

1. Claims 1-30 are presented for examination. This office action is in response to the amendment filed on 9/7/05.

2. Applicants are reminded of the duty to disclose information under 37 CFR 1.56.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

- (a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.
- 3. Claims 1-6, 10, 11-16, 20, 21-26 and 30 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over "The cache Memory Book", Jim Handy, Academic Press, 1993, pp 37-93 (Handy) in view of Arlitt et al. (Arlitt) US Paten No. 6,272,598.

As to claims 1, 11, and 21, Handy discloses an apparatus comprising: a cache manager (Fig. 2.10 control logic) to manage a transfer (page 63 eviction and page 55, replace algorithm read on this limitation) of a trace (Page 60 and section 2.2.3 instruction cache read on this limitation since it stores instructions); an execution unit (Fig. 2.10 CPU); a first cache (Fig. 2.23 L1 and Section 2.2.10) coupled to the cache manger to evict the trace based on a replacement mechanism (page 63 eviction and page 55, replace algorithm read on this limitation and since during a cache miss, a line is needed to evict to free up a space for a new entry); and a second cache (Section

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2.2.10 L3 cache) coupled to the cache manager to receive the evicted trace based on a replacement algorithm (page 63 eviction and page 55, replace algorithm read on this limitation and since during a cache miss in L2, a line is needed to evict to L3 to free up a space for a new entry in L2) however, Handy does not specifically disclose the second cache coupled to the cache manager to receive the evicted trace based on a first number of access to the trace.

Arlitt discloses a cache to receive the evicted trace based on a first number of access to the trace (col. 6 lines 43-55) for the purpose of increasing the hit rate thereby increasing the system speed by retaining popular lines for longer time periods (col. 6 lines 52-55).

Therefore, it would have been obvious to one having ordinary skill in the art at the time the invention was made to replace LRU algorithm in L2 with LFU/MFU algorithm thereby the cache coupled to the cache manager to receive the evicted trace based on a first number of access to the trace as taught by Arlitt into the invention of Handy for the advantages stated above.

As to claims 2, 12, and 22, Arlitt further discloses a usage counter (col. 6 line 45 and LFU/MFU replacement policy reads on this limitation).

As to claims 3, 13, and 23, Arlitt further discloses a comparator and a first threshold value that being a fixed number or a first dynamically adjusted number (col. 6 lines 49, frequency count exceeds a threshold parameter reads on this limitation).

As to claims 4, 14, and 24, Handy further discloses the trace is transferred from the first cache to the second cache (Fig. 2.23 and Section 2.2.10). Arlitt further discloses the trace is transferred when the first threshold value is less than the first number of accesses to the trace (col. 6 lines 43-55).

As to claims 5, 15, and 25, Arlitt further discloses the trace is discarded when the first threshold value is more than the first number of accesses to the trace (replacement or eviction reads on this limitation since a line is evicted to the L2 col. 6 lines 43-55).

As to claims 6, 16, and 26, Handy further discloses a L2 cache (Section 2.2.10).

As to claims 10, 20, and 30, Handy further discloses a LRU mechanism (col. 2 lines 26-27).

## Allowable Subject Matter

4. Claims 7-9, 17-19, and 27-29 are objected to as being dependent upon a rejected base claim, but would be allowable if rewritten in independent form including all of the limitations of the base claim and any intervening claims and if rewritten or amended to overcome the claim objection(s) or claim rejection(s), set forth in this Office action.

# Response to Amendment

5. Applicant's arguments filed on 9/7/05 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

In response to applicant's argument that the examiner's conclusion of obviousness is based upon improper hindsight reasoning, it must be recognized that any judgment on obviousness is in a sense necessarily a reconstruction based upon hindsight reasoning. But so long as it takes into account only knowledge which was within the level of ordinary skill at the time the claimed invention was made, and does not include knowledge gleaned only from the applicant's disclosure, such a reconstruction is proper. See *In re McLaughlin*, 443 F.2d 1392, 170 USPQ 209 (CCPA 1971).

In response to applicant's argument that there is no suggestion to combine the references, the examiner recognizes that obviousness can only be established by combining or modifying the teachings of the prior art to produce the claimed invention where there is some teaching, suggestion, or motivation to do so found either in the references themselves or in the knowledge generally available to one of ordinary skill in the art. See *In re Fine*, 837 F.2d 1071, 5 USPQ2d 1596 (Fed. Cir. 1988)and *In re Jones*, 958 F.2d 347, 21 USPQ2d 1941 (Fed. Cir. 1992). In this case, Arlitt discloses a cache to receive the evicted trace based on a first number of access to the trace (col. 6 lines 43-55) for the purpose of increasing the hit rate thereby increasing the system speed by retaining popular lines for longer time periods (col. 6 lines 52-55).

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Applicant's argument that the reference does not disclose a cache trace eviction is not considered persuasive.

Handy discloses a cache trace (Page 60, section 2.2.3, instructions in a instruction read on this limitation since applicant also discloses that "A trace cache is an instruction memory component that stores instructions in the order they are executed" page 1 lines 17-19); a first cache (instruction cache see page 60 & section 2.2.3 and Fig. 2.23 L1 and Section 2.2.10) coupled to the cache manger to evict the trace based on a replacement mechanism (page 63 eviction and page 55, replace algorithm read on this limitation and since during a cache miss, a line is needed to evict to free up a space for a new entry).

Therefore broadly written claims are disclosed by the references cited.

### Conclusion

- 1. The prior art made of record and not relied upon is considered pertinent to applicant's disclosure.
- 2. **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

- 3. When responding to the office action, Applicant is advised to clearly point out the patentable novelty which he or she thinks the claims present in view of the state of the art disclosed by the references cited or the objections made. He or she must also show how the amendments avoid such references or objections. See 37 C.F.R. ' 1.111(c).
- 4. When responding to the office action, Applicants are advised to provide the examiner with the line numbers and page numbers in the application and/or references cited to assist examiner to locate the appropriate paragraphs.
- 5. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Hong Kim whose telephone number is (571) 272-4181. The examiner can normally be reached on M-F 9:00 to 6:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Matt Kim can be reached on (571) 272-4182. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application should be directed to the TC 2100 whose telephone number is (571) 272-2100.

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6. Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the

Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for

published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR.

Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only.

For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should

you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic

Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

7. Any response to this action should be mailed to:

Commissioner of Patents P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, VA 22313-1450

1dy (Ca

or faxed to TC-2100:

(703) 872-9306

Hand-delivered responses should be brought to the Customer Service Window (Randolph Building, 401 Dulany Street, Alexandria, VA 22314).

H Kim

Primary Patent Examiner

October 16, 2005